

63-3-1

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In reply cite: 614-3-233

RWB/ODR:rdr

11 March 1963

SUBJECT: Contract AF04(695)-113
Submission of WDL-TN62-14,
as a deliverable item

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Air Force Systems Command
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- (c) AFSSD Exhibit 61-27A, Paragraph 1.2.1.2

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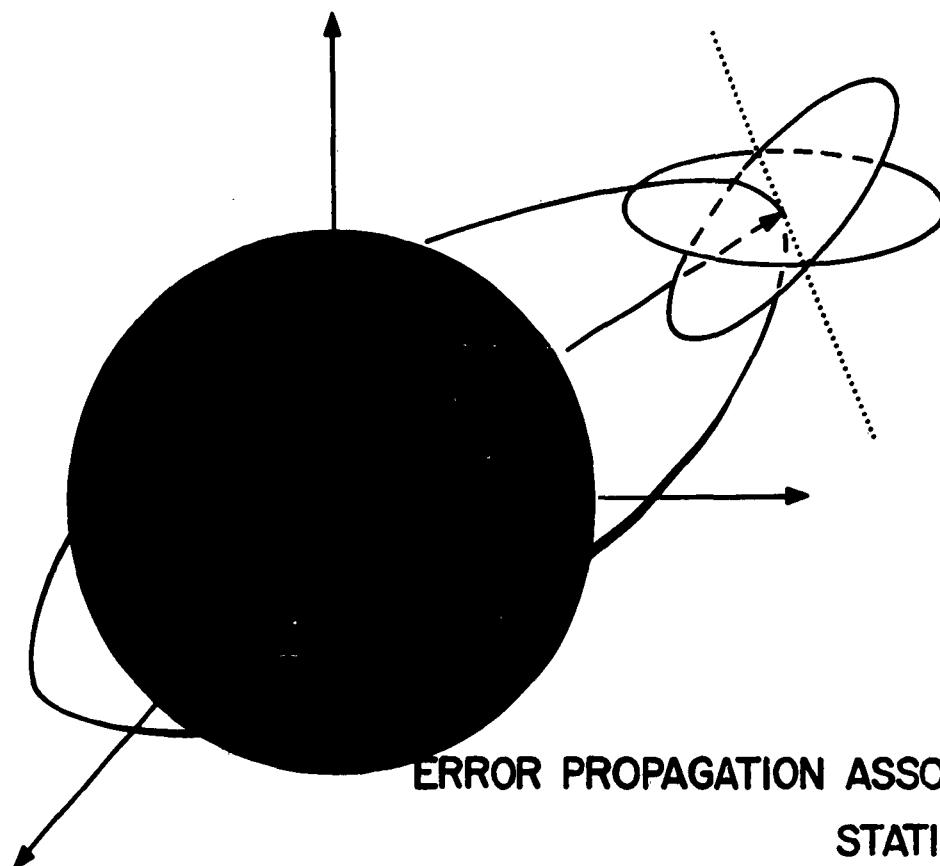
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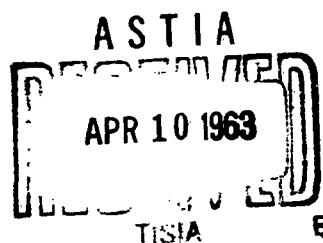
TECHNICAL NOTE

WDL-TN62-14
28 FEBRUARY 1963



ERROR PROPAGATION ASSOCIATED WITH STATION LOCATION

BY MILTON E. KIBBEY
MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS DEPARTMENT



CONTRACT AF04(695)-113

PHILCO
A SUBSIDIARY OF *Ford Motor Company*

WESTERN DEVELOPMENT LABORATORIES

TECHNICAL NOTE

ERROR PROPAGATION ASSOCIATED WITH
STATION LOCATION

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Definitive Contract AF04(695)-113
AFBM Exhibit 58-1, Paragraph 4.2.1

Prepared for

SPACE SYSTEMS DIVISION
AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND
UNITED STATES AIR FORCE
Inglewood, California

ABSTRACT

PHILCO WDL-TN62-14

UNCLASSIFIED

ERROR PROPAGATION

33 pages

ASSOCIATED WITH STATION LOCATION

28 February 1963

Contract AF04(695)-113

This Technical Note presents a method using a satellite orbit and tracking data to determine errors in station location. It also documents a Philco 2000 Computer program which, given the standard deviations in the tracking data, calculates the covariance matrix for the station coordinates.

THIS UNCLASSIFIED ABSTRACT IS DESIGNED FOR RETENTION IN A STANDARD 3-BY-5 CARD-SIZE FILE, IF DESIRED. WHERE THE ABSTRACT COVERS MORE THAN ONE SIDE OF THE CARD, THE ENTIRE RECTANGLE MAY BE CUT OUT AND FOLDED AT THE DOTTED CENTER LINE. (IF THE ABSTRACT IS CLASSIFIED, HOWEVER, IT MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM THE DOCUMENT IN WHICH IT IS INCLUDED.)

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FOREWORD

Technical Note WDL-TN62-14 has been prepared by the Philco WDL Mathematical Analysis Department for submittal to AFSSD for information purposes. This Technical Note is within the scope defined by Paragraph 4.2.1, AFBM Exhibit 58-1, "Contractor Reports Exhibit," dated 1 October 1959, as revised and amended.

The material presented in the Technical Note was developed in conjunction with Tracking Simulation and Evaluation and Advanced Trajectory Analysis Studies conducted by Philco WDL under Exhibit "A" of Definitive Contract AF04(695)-113, and Paragraph 1.2.1.2 of AFSSD Exhibit 61-27A, "Satellite Control Subsystem Work Statement," dated 15 February 1962.

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SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION

Current and projected mission requirements place a severe demand on the ability to accurately determine the position of a satellite. Since the equations of motion for a satellite are formulated in inertial space and the tracking information is given in local coordinates, it is necessary to know the location of the tracking stations to an accuracy compatible with the inherent noise level of the tracking equipment.

The existence of tracking data, and hence an orbit for a satellite, can be used to determine the location of a station in relation to other stations.

The observational data available from a satellite which is used for the purpose of locating a station on the geoid are the elevation (E), azimuth (A), slant range (S), and range rate (\dot{S}). Not all of these quantities will necessarily be available.

A camera at the site would give angular data about the orbit; an antenna might give range data in addition to giving angular data. A computer program has been written which indicates the errors in station location resulting from errors in the camera or antenna data. It is assumed the errors in azimuth and elevation (and range as a possible option) are randomly distributed with zero mean and specific variances. As a prediction of a survey's accuracy, the expected variances in the data can be used to find the resulting covariance matrix in station coordinates. The eigenvalues of the matrix are also calculated.

SECTION 2

WDL-TN62-14

EQUATIONS

An elliptical orbit is assumed in the computations. The orbit is defined by the elliptic elements t_o , η_o , ω , e , a , i , and Ω .

Over each pass η is obtained by an iterative process from¹

$$t(\eta) - t(\eta_o) = \frac{1}{(1-e^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\mu L^3}} \quad \left[\Delta = \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{e \sin \Delta}{1 + \sqrt{1-e^2} + e \cos \Delta} \right) \\ & - \frac{e \sqrt{1-e^2} \sin \Delta}{1 + e \cos \Delta} \quad \left. \right] \quad \begin{array}{l} \Delta = \eta - \omega_o \\ \Delta = \eta_o - \omega_o \end{array} \end{aligned}$$

In this equation

$t(\eta)$ = time

e = eccentricity

μ = $n^2 a^3 = 62625.53$

L = $\frac{1}{a(1-e^2)}$

These elliptic elements are then transformed to inertial cartesian coordinates and thence to local polar coordinates by standard transformation equations². The local polar coordinates are then used to compute the elements of the covariance matrix.

-
1. E. D. Callender, "A Solution of the Equations of Motion for a Near-Earth Satellite," to be published.
 2. "Program I Simulation and Evaluation Study Report," Philco Corporation, WDL-TR1596, 1 October 1961.

If the station coordinates are found by a differential corrections technique using least squares, the covariance matrix will be given by

$$\left(\sum_t A^T A \right)^{-1}$$

where A is the weighted Jacobian matrix and the summation is over all times at which data is provided³. The use of A for both azimuth and for the Jacobian matrix is standard notation and should cause no confusion. The elements of A are as follows (notation is ϕ_0 = longitude, θ = latitude, h = height above the geoid, and R_s = radius to station):

a. $\frac{\partial S}{\partial \phi} = \frac{R_s}{S} \cos \theta (x \sin \phi - y \cos \phi)$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial \theta} = \frac{R_s}{S} (x \sin \theta \cos \phi + y \sin \theta \sin \phi - z \cos \theta)$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial h} = \frac{1}{S} (R_s - x \cos \theta \cos \phi - y \cos \theta \sin \phi - z \sin \theta).$$

b. $\frac{\partial \dot{S}}{\partial \phi} = - \frac{\partial S}{\partial \phi} \frac{\dot{S}}{S} + \frac{R_s}{S} \cos \theta [(\dot{x} \sin \phi - \dot{y} \cos \phi) + \dot{\phi} (y \sin \phi + x \cos \phi)]$

$$\frac{\partial \dot{S}}{\partial \theta} = - \frac{\partial S}{\partial \theta} \frac{\dot{S}}{S} + \frac{R_s}{S} \left\{ \sin \theta [(\dot{x} \cos \phi + \dot{y} \sin \phi) + \dot{\phi} (y \cos \phi - x \sin \phi)] - \dot{z} \cos \theta \right\}$$

$$\frac{\partial \dot{S}}{\partial h} = - \frac{\partial S}{\partial h} \frac{\dot{S}}{S} - \frac{1}{S} [\cos \theta (\dot{x} \cos \phi + \dot{y} \sin \phi) + \dot{z} \sin \theta + \dot{\phi} \cos \theta (y \cos \phi - x \sin \phi)]$$

3. "A User's Manual for Three Tracking Simulators," Philco Corporation,
WDL-TN62-1.

$$c. \frac{\partial E}{\partial \phi} = \frac{1}{S \cos E} \left[(y \cos \phi - x \sin \phi) \cos \theta - \frac{\partial S}{\partial \phi} \sin E \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial \theta} = \frac{1}{S \cos E} \left[z \cos \theta - (x \cos \phi + y \sin \phi) \sin \theta - \frac{\partial S}{\partial \theta} \sin E \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial h} = - \frac{1}{S} \frac{\partial S}{\partial h} \tan E - \frac{1}{S} \frac{1}{\cos E}$$

$$d. A = \tan^{-1} \frac{N}{D}$$

So, in general,

$$\frac{\partial A}{\partial \alpha} = \frac{1}{1 + \left[\frac{N}{D} \right]^2} \quad \frac{\partial N}{\partial \alpha} = \frac{N}{D} \frac{\partial D}{\partial \alpha}$$

$$N = -x \sin \phi + y \cos \phi$$

$$D = -\sin \theta (x \cos \phi + y \sin \phi) + z \cos \theta$$

$$(1) \quad \frac{\partial N}{\partial \phi} = -x \cos \phi - y \sin \phi$$

$$\frac{\partial D}{\partial \phi} = -\sin \theta (y \cos \phi - x \sin \phi)$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{\partial N}{\partial \theta} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial D}{\partial \theta} = -\cos \theta (x \cos \phi + y \sin \phi) - z \sin \theta$$

$$(3) \quad \frac{\partial A}{\partial h} = 0$$

In the preceding equations, $\phi = \Omega t + \phi_0 + \Delta\phi$, where Ω is the rate of the earth's diurnal rotation, ϕ_0 is the longitude from Greenwich, and $\Delta\phi$ is the phase angle. However, we have

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial \phi} = \frac{\partial S}{\partial \phi_0}, \quad \frac{\partial E}{\partial \phi} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial \phi_0}, \quad \text{etc.,}$$

so that the preceding expressions can be used directly in the covariance matrix.

SECTION 3

COMPUTER RESULTS

Two orbits were used as test cases for the program: 6181 and 61081 the first having an eccentricity of approximately 0.1 and a perigee of 469 statute miles and the second having an eccentricity of 0.01 and a perigee of 2180 statute miles. Palo Alto was used as the observation station.

For the 6181 orbit, three passes were observed, two overhead and one at a maximum elevation of approximately 41° . The time interval for the two overhead passes were approximately 30 minutes duration, while the pass at the lower elevation angle was about 24 minutes in length. With a 10-second interval between observations, this allowed about 180 observations for the 30-minute pass and about 144 observations for the 24-minute pass.

These passes were used in combinations of two to obtain four sets of results using a standard error for azimuth and elevation of 5 milliradians for 3 sets and 3 milliradians for the remaining set.

For the 61081 orbit, two passes were used both singly and in combinations with equal errors in elevation and azimuth of 2 milliradians and 5 milliradians, thus obtaining 6 sets of results for the covariance matrix.

The listing of the orbit and computer results is given in Appendix A, and a description of the Computer Program and ALTAC Listing is given in Appendix B.

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APPENDIX A

ORBIT AND COMPUTER RESULTS

61α51; ONE PASS OF 5 MINUTES
 $\sigma_A = \sigma_E = 5$ MILLIRADIANS; $\Delta T = 2$ SECONDS

T ZERO ETA ZERO SMALL OMEGA ECCENTRICITY A INCLINATION OMEGA

0.434386+003 0.566666+000 0.639426+002 0.128900+001 0.939698+004 0.958660+002 0.617800+001

NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONAL PASSES IS 1

LATITUDE LONGITUDE ALTITUDE DELTA PHI ZERO

0.374260+002 0.237990+013 0.200000+002 0.110324+003

DIMENSION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX TS 3

SIGS N MILES SIGS F/S CONTROL SIGA SIGE TIME IN TIME OUT TIME STEP

0.000000+000 0.000000+000 0 0.500000+001 0.500000+001 0.472000+003 0.477000+003 0.200000+001

COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE LONGITUDE ALTITUDE

EIGENVALUES FOR 3 BY 3

0.212356+012 0.575767+012 0.269456+003

UNITS ARE IN RADIANS AND N MILES

0.212356+012 0.242056+032 0.237010+047

0.212056+032 0.575767+012 0.000000+000

0.237010+047 0.000000+000 0.269456+003

UNITS ARE IN DEGREES AND N MILES

COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE

1 1 1 2 2 1 2

UNITS ARE RADIAN SQUARED

0.37053+012 0.175520+012 0.175520+012 0.441070+012

UNITS ARE DEGREES SQUARED

0.113938+008 0.576196+009 0.576196+009 0.144795+008

SQUARE ROOT OF EIGEN VALUES IN RADIANS

0.737793+006 0.460821+006

61a81; ONE PASS OF 5 MINUTES

$\sigma_A = \sigma_E = 5$ MILLIRADIANS; $\Delta T = 2$ SECONDS

T ZERO ETA ZERO SMALL OMEGA ECCENTRICITY A INCLINATION OMEGA

NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONAL PASSES IS	1		
LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE	DELTA PHI ZERO
0.374260+002	0.237698+003	0.200000+002	0.110324+003
DIMENSION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX IS 3			
SIGS N MILES SIGS F/S CONTROL	SIGA	SIGE	TIME STEP
0.000000+000 0.000000+000	0	0.500000+001	0.196700+004
COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE LONGITUDE ALTITUDE			
EIGENVALUES FOR 3 BY 3			
0.418411+012	0.750578+012	0.161194+002	
UNITS ARE IN RADIANS AND N MILES			
0.418411+012	0.161194+018	+0.716564+056	
0.160220+036	0.750578+012	0.000000+001	
0.716564+056	0.000000+000	0.161194+002	
UNITS ARE IN DEGREES AND N MILES			
COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE			
1 1	1 2	2 1	2 2
UNITS ARE RADIANS SQUARED			
0.700701+012	*0.110722+012	*0.110722+012	0.467999+012
UNITS ARE DEGREES SQUARED			
0.230026+008	*0.389740+009	*0.389740+009	0.1533631+008
SQUARE ROOT OF EIGEN VALUES IN RADIANS			
0.466359+016	0.646615+006		

61081; TWO PASSES OF 5 MINUTES

$\sigma_A = \sigma_E = 5$ MILLIRADIANS $\Delta T = 2$ SECONDS

T ZERO	EPA ZERO	SMALL OMEGA	ECCENTRICITY A	INCLINATION	OMEGA
0.494380+003	0.000000+000	0.635420+002	0.128000-001	0.939498+004	0.928600+002
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONAL PASSES IS	2				0.617800+001
LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE		DELTA PMI ZERO	
0.374260+002	0.237888+003	0.200000+002		0.110324+003	
DIMENSION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX IS	3				
SITES N MILES	STGSD F/S	CONTROL	SIGMA	TIME IN	TIME OUT
0.000000+000	0.000000+000	0	0.500000+001	0.472000+003	0.477000+003
0.000000+000	0.000000+000	0	0.500000+001	0.196700+004	0.197200+004
COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE LONGITUDE ALTITUDE					
EIGENVALUES FOR 3 BY 3					
0.142806+012	0.248205+012	0.604345+004			
UNITS ARE IN RADIANS AND N MILES					
0.142806+012	-0.193333+032	+0.106643+046			
-0.193333+032	0.248205+012	0.000000+000			
+0.106643+046	0.000000+000	0.604345+004			
UNITS ARE IN DEGREES AND N MILES					
COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE					
1	1	2	2	1	2
UNITS ARE RADIANS SQUARED					
0.204991+012	0.427357+013	0.427357+013			0.206099+012
UNITS ARE DEGREES SQUARED					
0.672945+009	0.140291+009	0.140291+009			0.676943+009
SQUARE ROOT OF EIGEN VALUES IN RADIANS					
0.498262+006	0.403492+006				

A-3

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61a61; ONE PASS AT 5 MINUTES

$\sigma_A = \sigma_E = 2$ MILLIRADIANS $\Delta T = 2$ SECONDS

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T ZERO	ETA ZERO	SMALL OMEGA	ECCENTRICITY A	INCLINATION	OMEGA
0.454360+003	0.000000+000	0.435420+002	0.128900+001	0.539690+004	0.956600+002
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONAL PASSES IS 1					
LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE	DELTA PHI ZERO		
0.374200+002	0.237690+003	0.200000+002	0.110324+003		
DIMENSION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX IS 3					
SIGS IN MILES	SIGSD F/S	CONTROL	SIGA	SIGE	TIME STEP
0.000000+000	0.000000+000	0	0.200000+001	0.472000+003	0.477000+003
COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE LONGITUDE ALTITUDE					
EIGENVALUES FOR 3 BY 3					
0.339769+013	0.921222+013	0.431133+004			
UNITS ARE IN RADIANS AND N MILES					
0.339769+013	0.372900+033	0.379216+046			
0.387200+033	0.921222+013	0.000000+000			
0.379216+046	0.000000+000	0.431133+004			
UNITS ARE IN DEGREES AND N MILES					
COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE					
1	1	2	2	2	2
UNITS ARE RADIANS SQUARED					
0.395264+013	0.260831+013	0.260831+013	0.705713+013		
UNITS ARE DEGREES SQUARED					
0.162229+019	0.921913+010	0.921913+010	0.231071+009		
SQUARE ROOT OF EIGEN VALUES IN RADIANS					
0.303517+006	0.164326+006				

A-4

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61d81; ONE PASS OF 5 MINUTES

$\sigma_A = \sigma_E = 2$ MILLIRADIANS $\Delta T = 2$ SECONDS

T ZERO	ETA ZERO	SMALL OMEGA	ECCENTRICITY	A	INCLINATION	OMEGA
0.454380+003	0.000000+000	0.635480+002	0.128900+001	0.239690+004	0.958600+002	0.617800+001
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONAL PASSES IS	1					
LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE	DELTA PHI ZERO			
0.374260+002	0.237898+003	0.200000+002	0.110324+003			
DIMENSION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX IS	3					
SIGS N MILES	SIGSD F/S	CONTROL	SIGA	SIGE	TIME IN	TIME OUT
0.000000+000	0.000000+000	0	0.200000+001	0.200000+001	0.196700+004	0.197200+004
COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE	COTANGENT	COSINE				
COTANGENT	COSINE	SINE				
EIGENVALUES FOR 3 BY 3						
0.666978+013	0.120093+012	0.161910+003				
UNITS ARE	RADIANS AND N MILES					
0.666978+013	0.269150+039	-0.114649+058				
0.269150+039	0.120093+012	0.000000+000				
-0.114649+058	0.000000+000	0.161910+003				
UNITS	ARE IN DEGREES AND N MILES					
COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE						
1	1	2	2	1	2	2
UNITS ARE RADIANS SQUARED						
0.112212+012	*0.189995+013	+0.169995+013				
UNITS ARE DEGREES SQUARED						
0.38042+009	*0.623355+010	+0.623355+010				
SQUARE ROOT OF EIGEN VALUES IN RADIAN'S						
0.346544+006	0.258646+016					

61c81; TWO PASSES OF 5 MINUTES

$\sigma_A = \sigma_E = 2$ MILLIRADIANS $\Delta t = 2$ SECONDS

Y ZERO ETA ZERO SMALL OMEGA ECCENTRICITY A INCLINATION OMEGA

0.454380e+003 0.000000e+000 0.635420e+002 0.128900e-001 0.533969e+004 0.958600e+002 0.617800e+001
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONAL PASSES IS 2

LATITUDE LONGITUDE ALTITUDE DELTA PHI ZERO
0.374260e+002 0.237898e+003 0.200000e+002 0.110324e+003

DIMENSION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX IS 3
SIGS N MILES SIGS FFS CONTROL SIGA SIGE TIME IN TIME OUT TIME STEP
0.000000e+000 0.000000e+000 0 0.200000e+001 0.200000e+001 0.472000e+003 0.477000e+003 0.200000e+001
0.000000e+000 0.000000e+000 0 0.200000e+002 0.200000e+001 0.196700e+004 0.197200e+004 0.200000e+001
COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE LONGITUDE ALTITUDE

EIGENVALUES FOR 3 BY 3

0.260490e+013 0.397255e+013 0.966691e+005

UNITS ARE IN RADIANS AND V MILES

0.260490e+013 -0.370933e-033 -0.173629e-047
+0.369333e+013 0.397255e+013 0.000000e+000
+0.173629e+013 0.000000e+000 0.966691e+005

UNITS ARE IN DEGREES AND N MILES

COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE

1 1 2 2 1 2 2 2

UNITS ARE RADIANS SQUARED

0.327966e+013 0.683771e-014 0.463771e-014 0.329759e+013

UNITS ARE DEGREES SQUARED

0.107671e+009 0.224468e+010 0.224468e+010 0.106253e+009

SQUARE ROOT OF EIGEN VALUES IN RADIANS

0.199313e+006 0.161397e+006

6161; TWO PASSES OF 30 MINUTES

 $\sigma_A = \sigma_E = 5$ MILLIRADIANS $\Delta T = 10$ SECONDS

T ZERO ETA ZERO SMALL OMEGA ECCENTRICITY A INCLINATION OMEGA

0.43860+003 0.00000+000 0.270978+003 0.105650+000 0.430106+004 0.300200+002 0.199332+003

NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONAL PASSES TS 2

LATITUDE LONGITUDE ALTITUDE DELTA PHI ZERO

0.374260+002 0.237698+063 0.500000+002 0.167460+002

DIMENSION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX TS 2

STGS N MILES SIGNS R/S CONTROL SIGA SIGF TIME IN TIME OUT TIME STEP

0.00000+000 0.00000+000 0 0.500000+001 0.500000+001 0.450000+003 0.460000+003 0.100000+002

0.00000+000 0.00000+000 0 0.500000+001 0.500000+001 0.576000+003 0.607200+003 0.100000+002

COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE

1 1 1 2 2 1 2 2

UNITS ARE RADIANS SQUARED

0.257071+013 -0.110774+014 -0.110774+014 0.500015+013

UNITS ARE DEGREES SQUARED

0.046530+010 -0.363648+011 -0.363648+011 0.167034+009

SQUARE ROOT OF EIGEN VALUES IN RADIANS

0.222578+006 0.160432+006 0.160432+006

6181; TWO PASSES OF 30 MINUTES
 $\sigma_A = \sigma_E = 5$ MILLIRADIANS $\Delta T = 10$ SECONDS

V ZERO ETA ZERO SMALL OMEGA ECCENTRICITY A INCLINATION OMEGA

0.438960±0.03 0.060000±0.00 0.270978±0.03 0.105650±0.00 0.43106±0.04 0.388200±0.02 0.199332±0.03
 NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONAL PASSES TS 2
 LATITUDE LONGITUDE ALTITUDE DELTA PHI ZERO
 0.374260±0.02 0.237898±0.03 0.200000±0.02 0.167600±0.02

DIMENSION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX TS 2

SIGS N MILFS SIGSH F/S CONTROL SIGA SIGE TIME IN TIME OUT TIME STEP

0.000000±0.00 0.000000±0.00 0 0.500000±0.01 0.560000±0.01 0.474000±0.03 0.460200±0.03 0.100000±0.02

0.000000±0.00 0.000000±0.00 0 0.500000±0.01 0.500000±0.01 0.174000±0.04 0.176400±0.04 0.100000±0.02

COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE

1 1 1 2 2 1 2 2

UNITS ARE RADIANS SQUARED

0.403280±0.013 -0.982462±0.015 -0.982462±0.015 0.790337±0.013

UNITS ARE DEGREES SQUARED

0.132389±0.009 -0.322529±0.011 -0.322529±0.011 0.242096±0.009

SQUARE ROOT OF EIGEN VALUES IN RADIANS

0.202602±0.006 0.20758±0.006

6161; TWO PASSES OF 30 MINUTES
 $\sigma_A = \sigma_E = 3$ MILLIRADIANS $\Delta T = 10$ SECONDS

Y ZERO	ETA. ZERO	SMALL OMEGA	ECCENTRICITY	A	INCLINATION	OMEGA
0.438960+003	0.000000+000	0.270078+003	0.105650+000	0.430106+004	0.386200+002	0.199332+003
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONAL PASSES TS	2					
LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE		DELTA PHI ZERO		
0.374260+002	0.23799+013	0.200000+002		0.167600+002		
DIMENSION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX TS	2					
STDS A MILES	SIGNS F/S	CONTROL	SIGA	SIGF	TIME IN	TIME OUT
0.100000+000	0.000000+000	1	0.300000+001	0.300000+001	0.576000+003	0.602000+003
0.100000+000	0.000000+000	1	0.300000+001	0.300000+001	0.174000+004	0.176000+004
COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE						
1 1	1 2	2 1	2 2			
UNITS ARE RADIANS SQUARED						
0.137337+010	0.532443+012	0.532443+012		0.802017+011		
UNITS ARE DEGREES REQUIRED						
0.450049+007	0.744613+018	0.744613+018		0.263286+007		
SQUARE ROOT OF EIGEN VALUES IN RADIANS						
0.371253+005	0.282329+015	0.282329+015				

6161; TWO PASSES AT 30 MINUTES

$\sigma_A = \sigma_E = 5$ MILLIRADIANS $\Delta T = 10$ SECONDS

T ZERO	ETAI ZERO	SMALL OMEGA	ECCENTRICITY A	INCLINATION	OMEGA
-0.438860+003	0.000000+000	0.270978+003	0.102650+000	0.430360+004	0.380200+002
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONAL PASSES 78	2				0.190332+003
LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ALTITUDE	DELTA PHI ZERO		
0.374260+002	0.237890+003	0.200000+002	0.167600+002		
DIMENSION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX 78					
STDS N MILES SIGNS R/S	CONTROL	SIGA	SIGE	TIME IN	TIME OUT
0.00000000+000	0.00000000+000	0	0.500000+001	0.500000+001	0.460000+003
0.00000000+000	0.00000000+000	0	0.500000+001	0.500000+001	0.460000+003
COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE LONGITUDE ALTITUDE					
EIGENVALUES FOR 3 BY 3					
0.257363+013	0.519300+013	0.107791+004			
UNITS ARE IN RADIANS AND N MILES					
0.257363+013	0.611400+038	0.305438+055			
0.611400+038	0.559300+013	0.000000+000			
0.305438+055	0.000000+000	0.107791+004			
UNITS ARE IN DEGREES AND N MILES					
COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE					
1	1	1 2	2 1	2 2	
UNITS ARE RADIANS SQUARED					
0.257363+013	0.110774+014	0.506615+013			
UNITS ARE DEGREES SQUARED					
0.846380+011	0.361640+011	0.363640+011			0.167034+009
SQUARE ROOT OF EIGEN VALUES IN RADIANS					
0.229678+006	0.160432+006				

A-10

PHILCO

WESTERN DEVELOPMENT LABORATORIES

WDL-TN62-14

APPENDIX B

DESCRIPTION OF COMPUTER PROGRAM AND ALTAC LISTING

PHILCO

WESTERN DEVELOPMENT LABORATORIES

INPUT FOR DC11 PROGRAM
(GEODETIC SURVEY)

One complete set of data consists of at least 6 data cards. Each card is divided into 8 fields, 10 slots long.

SUMMARY OF DATA:

CARD 1	TO	t_0 (MIN)	}
	ATAO	η_0 (DEG)	
	OHL	ω (DEG)	
	ECC	-	
	AX	a (N.M.)	
	FI	i (DEG)	
	OHB	Ω (DEG)	

INITIAL CONDITIONS
OF THE SATELLITE
(FLOATING POINT NUMBER,
 $X \cdot XXX\bar{X}$)

CARD 2	NOOBPASS	NO. OF OBSERVATIONAL PASSES (A FIXED POINT NUMBER)
--------	----------	---

CARD 3	FLAT	θ (DEG)	}
	FLONO	ϕ_E (DEG E)	
	ALT	h (FT)	
	DELPHIO	$\Delta \phi$ (DEG)	

STATION COORDINATES

CARD 4	DIMEN	DIMENSION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX (2 = LAT & LONG, 3 = LAT, LONG, & ALT) (A FIXED POINT NUMBER)
--------	-------	---

CARD 5 SIGS σ_s (N.M.)
 SIGD σ_d (FT/SEC)
 JFLAG1
 SIGA σ_A (SEC) IF } (MI.RAD) REPEAT
 SIGE σ_E } JFLAG1 = 0 } IF JFLAG1 = 1 FOR
 T1 t_1 (MIN)
 T2 t_2 (MIN)
 DELT Δt (SEC)
 EACH
 OBSERVATIONAL
 PASS

CARD 6 I I = 0, NO MORE DATA CASES
 I = 1, ANOTHER COMPLETE SET OF DATA FOLLOWING STARTING WITH CARD 1

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SAMPLE SET OF DATA
FOR DC11

10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
0.44+3	0.0+1	0.27+3	0.105+0	4.3+3	0.4+2	0.19+3	
1							
0.37+2	2.37+2	0.20+2	0.16+2				
2							
0.0+1	0.0+1	0	0.1+2	0.10+2	0.45+3	0.48+3	0.10+2
1							
0.44+3	0.0+1	0.27+3	0.1+0	4.3+3	0.4+2	0.2+3	
2							
0.37+2	2.37+2	0.2+2	0.16+2				
3							
0.1+1	0.2+1	1	0.01+1	0.02+1	0.4+3	0.5+3	0.1+2
0.08+1	0.1+1	1	0.01+1	0.17+1	0.4+3	0.6+3	0.2+2
0							

CASE 1

CASE 2,
2 PASSES

PROGRAM INPUT

<u>VARIABLE</u>		<u>NAME & DESCRIPTION</u>
t_0	TO	TIME OF INITIAL CONDITIONS (MIN)
η_0	ATAO	$v + \omega$ (DEG)
ω	OHL	ANGLE OF PERIGEE (DEG)
ϵ	ECC	ECCENTRICITY
a	AX	SEMI-MAJOR AXIS (N.M.)
i	FI	ANGLE OF INCLINATION (DEG)
Ω	OHB	OMEGA (DEG)
θ	FLAT	LATITUDE (DEG)
ϕ	FLONO	LONGITUDE (DEG)
h	ALT	ALTITUDE (FT)
$\delta\phi_0$	DELPHIO	ANGLE BETWEEN INITIAL X-AXIS AND GREENWICH AT T ZERO
σ_{SR}	SIGS	σ SLANT RANGE (N.M.)
σ_{SD}	SIGSD	σ DOPPLER (FT/SEC)
σ_A	SIGA	σ AZIMUTH (MILLIRAD OR SEC)
σ_E	SIGE	σ ELEVATION (MILLIRAD OR SEC)
t_1	T1	TIME IN (MIN)
t_2	T2	TIME OUT (MIN)
Δt	DELT	TIME STEP (SEC)

STANDARD
DEVIATIONS
OF NOISE
IN THE
TRACKING
DATA

COMPUTED CONSTANTS

C200	90.0
C100	$2.0/\pi$
C2	$\pi/180$
C10	$180/\pi$
C11	$(C10)^2$
C101	$1.0/C10$
C3	$(180)3600/\pi$
C110	$1.0/C100$

SUMMARY OF EQUATIONS

ATAO	=	C2	*	ATAO
OHL	=	C2	*	OHL
V	=	ECC	*	cos (OHL)
WA	=	ECC	*	sin (OHL)
TO	=	60.0	*	TO
FL	=	1.0/(AX * (1.0 - ECC))		
ALT	=	ALT/6076.10333		
FLAT	=	C2 * FLAT		
FLONO	=	C2 * FLONO		
DELPHIO	=	C2 * DELPHIO		
COS 1	=	cos (FLAT)		
SIN 1	=	sin (FLAT)		
DELPHIQ	=	C100 * DELPHIO		

$$FMEANMO = \sqrt{\frac{62625.53}{AX^3}}$$

$$C4 = \sqrt{1.0 - ECC^2}$$

$$FATAO = - \left[2.0 * \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{ECC * \sin(ATAO-OHL)}{1.0 + C4 + ECC * \cos(ATAO-OHL)} \right) + \frac{ECC * C4 * \sin(ATAO-OHL)}{1.0 + ECC * \cos(ATAO-OHL)} \right]$$

$$FLATA = C100 * FLAT$$

$$FLONA = C100 * (FLONO - .00007292 * TO)$$

$$T1 = 60.0 * T1$$

$$T2 = 60.0 * T2$$

SUMMARY OF EQUATIONS (CONTINUED)

E = C110 * E
 A = C110 * A
 FI = C200 * FI
 OHB = C200 * OHB
 COSE = cos (E)
 SINE = sin (E)
 COSA = cos (A)
 SIN A = sin (A)
 FLON = FLONO + DELPHIO + 0.00007292 * (T - T0)
 COS2 = cos (FLON)
 SIN2 = sin (FLON)
 SLON = R * COS1 * (X * SIN2 - Y * COS2) / S
 SLAT = R * (X * SIN1 * COS2 + Y * SIN1 * SIN2 - Z * COS1) / S
 SALT = (R-X * COS1 * COS2 - Y * COS1 * SIN2 - Z * SIN1) / S
 SDLON = - SLON * $\frac{SD}{S}$ + R * COS1 *
 $\left[XD * SIN2 - YD * COS2 + FLOND * (Y * SIN2 + X * COS2) \right] / S$
 SDLAT = - SLAT * $\frac{SD}{S}$ + R * $\left[SIN1 * \right.$
 $\left. \left\{ XD * COS2 - YD * SIN2 + FLOND * (Y * COS2 - X * SIN2) \right\} \right.$
 $\left. - ZD * COS1 \right] / S$
 SDALT = - SDALT * $\frac{SD}{S}$ - $\left[XD * COS2 * COS1 \right.$
 $+ YD * SIN2 * COS1 + ZD * SIN1 + FLOND * COS1 * \right.$
 $\left. (Y * COS2 - X * SIN2) \right] / S$

SUMMARY OF EQUATIONS (CONTINUED)

$$\text{ELON} = \left[\cos 1 * (Y * \cos 2 - X * \sin 2) - \sin e * \text{SLON} \right] / (S * \cos e)$$

$$\text{TANE} = \sin e / \cos e$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ELAT} = & \left[Z + \cos 1 - \sin 1 * (X * \cos 2 + Y * \sin 2) \right. \\ & \left. - \text{SLAT} * \sin e \right] / (S * \cos e) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{EALT} = - \text{SALT} * \frac{\text{TANE}}{S} - \frac{1.0}{S} * \cos e$$

$$C1 = 1.0 / (F_N^2 + D^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ALON} = & C1 * \left[D * (-X * \cos 2 - Y * \sin 2) + F_N * \sin 1 * \right. \\ & \left. (Y * \cos 2 - X * \sin 2) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ALAT} = C1 * F_N * \left[\cos 1 * (X * \cos 2 + Y * \sin 2) - Z * \sin 2 \right]$$

$$\text{AALT} = 0.0$$

P MATRIX

$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{SLAT} & \text{SLON} & \text{SALT} \\ \text{SDLAT} & \text{SDLON} & \text{SDALT} \\ \text{ALAT} & \text{ALON} & \text{AALT} \\ \text{ELAT} & \text{ELON} & \text{EALT} \end{bmatrix}$$

SUMMARY OF EQUATIONS (CONTINUED)

FOR 2 DIMENSIONAL PROBLEM:

$$\text{COMAT}_{11} = w_1^2 p_{11} p_{11} + w_2^2 p_{21} p_{21}$$

$$\text{COMAT}_{12} = w_1^2 p_{11} p_{12} + w_2^2 p_{21} p_{22}$$

$$\text{COMAT}_{21} = w_1^2 p_{12} p_{11} + w_2^2 p_{22} p_{21}$$

$$\text{COMAT}_{22} = w_1^2 p_{12} p_{12} + w_2^2 p_{22} p_{22}$$

$$C5 = \text{COMAT}_{11} \text{COMAT}_{22} - \text{COMAT}_{12} \text{COMAT}_{21}$$

$$C5 = 1.0/C5$$

$$CM_{11} = C5 * \text{COMAT}_{22}$$

$$CM_{12} = -C5 * \text{COMAT}_{21}$$

$$CM_{21} = -C5 * \text{COMAT}_{12}$$

$$CM_{22} = C5 * \text{COMAT}_{11}$$

$$C51 = \sqrt{(CM_{11} + CM_{22})^2 - (4.0*C5)}$$

$$EIGEN1 = \sqrt{[(CM_{11} + CM_{22}) + C51] * 0.5}$$

$$EIGEN2 = \sqrt{[(CM_{11} + CM_{22}) - C51] * 0.5}$$

CONVERT CM ARRAY TO DEGREES SQUARED:

$$CM_{11} = C11 (CM_{11})$$

$$CM_{12} = C11 (CM_{12})$$

$$CM_{21} = C11 (CM_{21})$$

$$CM_{22} = C11 (CM_{22})$$

SUMMARY OF EQUATIONS (CONTINUED)

FOR 3 DIMENSIONAL PROBLEM:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{COMAT}_{11} &= w_1^2 p_{11} p_{11} + w_2^2 p_{21} p_{21} + w_3^2 p_{31} p_{31} + w_4^2 p_{41} p_{41} \\
 \text{COMAT}_{12} &= w_1^2 p_{11} p_{12} + w_2^2 p_{21} p_{22} + w_3^2 p_{31} p_{32} + w_4^2 p_{41} p_{42} \\
 \text{COMAT}_{13} &= w_1^2 p_{11} p_{13} + w_2^2 p_{21} p_{23} + w_3^2 p_{31} p_{33} + w_4^2 p_{41} p_{43} \\
 \text{COMAT}_{21} &= w_1^2 p_{12} p_{11} + w_2^2 p_{22} p_{21} + w_3^2 p_{32} p_{31} + w_4^2 p_{42} p_{41} \\
 \text{COMAT}_{22} &= w_1^2 p_{12} p_{12} + w_2^2 p_{22} p_{22} + w_3^2 p_{32} p_{32} + w_4^2 p_{42} p_{42} \\
 \text{COMAT}_{23} &= w_1^2 p_{12} p_{13} + w_2^2 p_{22} p_{23} + w_3^2 p_{32} p_{33} + w_4^2 p_{42} p_{43} \\
 \text{COMAT}_{31} &= w_1^2 p_{13} p_{11} + w_2^2 p_{23} p_{21} + w_3^2 p_{33} p_{31} + w_4^2 p_{43} p_{41} \\
 \text{COMAT}_{32} &= w_1^2 p_{13} p_{12} + w_2^2 p_{23} p_{22} + w_3^2 p_{33} p_{32} + w_4^2 p_{43} p_{42} \\
 \text{COMAT}_{33} &= w_1^2 p_{13} p_{13} + w_2^2 p_{23} p_{23} + w_3^2 p_{33} p_{33} + w_4^2 p_{43} p_{43} \\
 \text{C20} &= \text{COMAT}_{11} * \text{COMAT}_{22} * \text{COMAT}_{33} + 2.0 * \text{COMAT}_{12} * \text{COMAT}_{23} * \text{COMAT}_{31} \\
 &\quad - \text{COMAT}_{13}^2 * \text{COMAT}_{22} - \text{COMAT}_{23}^2 * \text{COMAT}_{11} \\
 &\quad - \text{COMAT}_{12}^2 * \text{COMAT}_{33} \\
 \text{C21} &= 1.0 / \text{C20} \\
 \text{CM}_{11} &= \text{C21} * (\text{COMAT}_{22} \text{ COMAT}_{33} - \text{COMAT}_{23}^2) \\
 \text{CM}_{12} &= -\text{C21} * (\text{COMAT}_{21} \text{ COMAT}_{33} - \text{COMAT}_{23} \text{ COMAT}_{31}) \\
 \text{CM}_{21} &= \text{CM}_{12} \\
 \text{CM}_{13} &= \text{C21} * (\text{COMAT}_{21} \text{ COMAT}_{32} - \text{COMAT}_{31} \text{ COMAT}_{22}) \\
 \text{CM}_{31} &= \text{CM}_{13} \\
 \text{CM}_{22} &= \text{C21} * (\text{COMAT}_{11} \text{ COMAT}_{33} - \text{COMAT}_{13}^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

SUMMARY OF EQUATIONS (CONT'D.)

FOR 3 DIMENSIONAL PROBLEM (CONT'D.):

$$CM_{33} = C21 * (COMAT_{11} COMAT_{22} - COMAT_{12}^2)$$

$$CM_{23} = -C21 * (COMAT_{11} COMAT_{32} - COMAT_{12} COMAT_{31})$$

$$CM_{32} = CM_{23}$$

AFTER GOING TO SUBROUTINE FOR EIGEN VECTOR AND MATRIX:

$$CM_{11} = C11 (CM_{11})$$

$$CM_{12} = C11 (CM_{12})$$

$$CM_{13} = C10 (CM_{13})$$

$$CM_{21} = C11 (CM_{21})$$

$$CM_{22} = C11 (CM_{22})$$

$$CM_{23} = C10 (CM_{23})$$

$$CM_{31} = C10 (CM_{31})$$

$$CM_{32} = C10 (CM_{32})$$

$$CM_{33} = CM_{33}$$

$$C5 = COMAT_{11} COMAT_{22} - COMAT_{12} COMAT_{21}$$

$$C5 = 1.0/C5$$

$$CM_{11} = C5 * COMAT_{22}$$

$$CM_{12} = -C5 * COMAT_{21}$$

$$CM_{21} = -C5 * COMAT_{12}$$

$$CM_{22} = C5 * COMAT_{11}$$

SUMMARY OF EQUATIONS (CONTINUED)

AFTER GOING TO SUBROUTINE FOR EIGEN VECTOR AND MATRIX (CONT'D.):

$$C51 = \sqrt{(CM_{11} + CM_{22})^2 - 4.0 * C5}$$

$$EIGEN1 = \sqrt{(CM_{11} + CM_{22} + C51) * 0.5}$$

$$EIGEN2 = \sqrt{(CM_{11} + CM_{22} - C51) * 0.5}$$

$$CM_{11} = C11 (CM_{11})$$

$$CM_{12} = C11 (CM_{12})$$

$$CM_{21} = C11 (CM_{21})$$

$$CM_{22} = C11 (CM_{22})$$

407 LISTING

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```

C ALTAC ABS. SUBR.
DC11
110003 1
110004 IOUNITS DTI. SUT. 12. 10. ERROR1. BUFF1. BUFF1- DTO .6UT.00
110005 ERROR0.BUFF0. BUFO. $           C10 = 180.0/3.1415962 - C11 = C10**2   S
110006 DIMENSION COMAT(3,3)   P(4,3)   W(4,3)   CH(3,3)   EVAL(3)   S
110007 EVEC(3,3)   S
C200= 90.0S
110008 C100 = 2.0PI/3.1415962 S
110009 C2 = 3.1415962/180.0 S
110010 C10 = 180.0/3.1415962 - C11 = C10**2   S
110011 C101 = 1.0/C10S
110012 C3 = 180.0E 3600.0/3.1415962 S
110013 C110 = 1.0/C100S
110014 START DO (L1) 1=1,3 S
110015 DO (L1) 1=1,3 S
110016 L1 COMAT(1,1)=0.0 - CH(1,1)=0.0 S
110017 READ INPUT TAPE SUT *FOR11, TO JATAO, OHL,ECC,AX,F1 . OHB $
110018 FOR11 FORMAT (1BE0) S
110019 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE GUT. FOR01S
110020 FOR01 FORMAT (1H70.55, 6HT ZERO.59, 8HETA ZERO, 57HSMALL OMEGA,
      5*12HECCENTRICITY,33. IHA, S14,1HINCLINATION,5*15HOMEGA'S
      110021 1TAO *C2TAO S
110022 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE GUT. FOR02, TO,ATAO,OHLECC, AX, F1 . OHB $
110023 OHL = OHL + C2 S
110024 V = ECC* COSTOHL) - WA=ECC* SIN(OHL) - TO =T0* 60.0 S
110025 FL = 1.0/(AX *(1.0 - ECC*2)) , S
110026 READ INPUT TAPE SUT. FOR12 , NOOBPAS S
110027 FOR12 FORMAT (1H10) , S
110028 FOR12 READ INPUT TAPE SUT. FOR03 , NOOBPAS S
110029 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE GUT. FOR03, NOOBPAS S
110030 FOR03 FORMAT (12H20.55, 34HNUMBER OF OBSERVATIONAL PASSES IS . 1101S
110031 FOR02 FORMAT (12H20 . 55 , 7IE13.6, S2) TS
110032 READ INPUT TAPE SUT. FOR11, FLNO,ALT. DELPHIO S
110033 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE GUT. FOR04 S
110034 FOR04 FORMAT (12H20.55, 8HLATITUDE, S12, 9HLONGITUDE, S11, 8HALTITUDE,
      S12, 1HDELTA PHZERO ) S
110035 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE GUT. FOR05, FLNO,ALT.DELPHIO S
110036 FORMAT (12R20.55, 9ET13.6, S7) S
110037 FOR05 ALT = ALT/6076.10333 - FLAT2*FLNO=C2*FLNO S
110038 DELPHIO = C2*DELPHIO S
110039 START TACS
110040 READ INPUT TAPE SUT. FOR12, NODIM S
110041 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE GUT. FOR06, NODIM S
110042 COS* COS(FLAT) - SIN1 = SIN(FLAT) S
110043 DELPHIO = DELPHIO * C100S
110044 TMO DELPHIOS
110045 TMO TDM TRF11.DELPHI S
110046 END TACS
110047 FOR06 FORMAT (12H20. 55,35HDIMENSION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX IS . 1101S
110048 110049 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE GUT. FOR07, FOR07 S
110050 FOR07 FORMAT (12H20. 55,12HSIGNS N MILESS3, 9HSIGSD F/S,56, THCONTRO,
      S8, 4HSIGA, SII, 4HSIGE, SII, 9HTIME STEP, S7, 9HTIME OUT, S7 *
110051 110052
110053 FOR08 FORMAT (12H20. S3, 2IE13.6, S2), T10.52, S1E13.6, S2) S

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407 LISTING (CONT'D)

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```

      REALIS
      IF(ECC) LL1,LL1,LL2, S
      JFLAG2=0 - GO TO LL3 S
      LL2 JFLAG2=1 S
      LL3 FRAANK = SORT162625.5300/AK*#3 S
      C4= SQRT11.0-ECC*#2 S
      LL0059 FATAO = -(1.0+ECC*STIN(LATAO-OHL)/11.0 + C4+ ECC*COST
      LL0060 ATOA -OHL)) + ECC*STIN(LATAO-OHL)/(11.0+ ECC*COS(LTAO
      LL0061 -OHL)) ) S
      LL0062 FLATA = C100*FLAT S
      LL0063 FLONA = C100*(FLONO-.729211584E-.677707) S
      LL0064 START TACS
      TMA C/HLT,L,STATABS
      JMP COMSTAS
      END TACS
      DO LL2 J10 *1 NOOBAS $ READ INPUT TAPE SUT, FORT3, SIGS, SIGSD, JFLAG1, SIGA, SIGE
      LL0065 T1, T2, DELT S
      LL0066 FOR13 FORMAT 12(10),110,5(10) I $ WRITE OUTPUT TAPE GUT, FOR08, SIGS,SIGSD,JFLAG1, SIGA, SIGE
      LL0067 T1, T2, DELT S
      LL0071 T1 = T1*60.0 - T2 = T2*60.0 -
      LL0072 IF (SIGS ) L3* L3* L3* L4* S
      LL0073 L3 M11= 0.0 S
      LL0074 L4 GO TO L5 S
      LL0075 L5 M(1)=1.0/ SIGS S
      LL0076 L5 IF1 SIGSD) L6, L6, L7 S
      LL0077 L6 M(2)=0.0 S
      LL0078 GO TO L8 S
      LL0079 L7 M(2) = 6076.1033 / SIGSD S
      LL0080 L8 IF1 SIGA) L9, L9, L10 S
      LL0081 L9 M(3) = 0.0 - GO TO L15 S
      LL0082 L10 IF1 JFLAG1) L11,L11,L12 S
      LL0083 L11 M(3) = C3/SIGA -GO TO L15 S
      LL0084 L12 M(3) = 1000.0/SIGA - GO TO L15 S
      LL0085 L13 IF(SIGE) L16,L16,L17 S
      LL0086 L16 M(4)=0.0 - GO TO L20 S
      LL0087 L17 IF (JFLAG1) L18,L18,L19 S
      LL0088 L18 M(4) = C3/SIGE - GO TO L20 S
      LL0089 L19 M(5) = 1000.0/ SIGE - GO TO L20 S
      LL0090 L20 T = T1-DELT S
      LL0091 L21 T = T + DELT S
      LL0092 IF1 JFLAG2) L22, L22, L23 S
      LL0093 L22 ATA1= ATAO +FMEANMO *(T-T0) - GO TO L25 S
      LL23 ATA2 = ATAO + FMEANMO -T0 TS
      LL0094 ATA1 = ATAO +FMEANMO *(T-T0) +FATAO
      LL0095 ATA2 = ATAO +2.0*ATAN(ECC*STIN(LATA2-OHL)/11.0+C4*ECCTIN(LATA2-OHL)) 1
      LL0096 +2.0*ATAN(ECC*STIN(LATA2-OHL)/11.0+C4*ECCTIN(LATA2-OHL)) 1
      LL0097 *ECC*COS(LATA2-OHL)/11.0+C4*COS(LATA2-OHL)) 1 S
      LL0098 ATA1 ATA2- ATA1 -.0001 1 L23, L23, L24 S
      LL0099 L23 ATA2 = ATA1 S
      LL0100 L24 GO TO L25 S
      LL0100 L25 ATA1=10 ATA1 -T1=T- T11=1 S
      START TAC S

```

407 LISTING (CONT'D)

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110103 TMA C/HLT,T-C/HLT,TTS
110104 JMP TRF15
110105 TMA C/HLT,TT-C/HLT,TTT S
110106 TMQ C/HLT,STATAB S
110107 JMP TRF21S
110108 LSTATAB SET L25A S
110109 R SET (P)+2 S
110110 SET (P)+2 S
110111 FLATA SET (P)+2 S
110112 SET (P)+2 S
110113 FLONA SET (P)+2 S
110114 SET (P)+2 S
110115 T SET (P)+2 S
110116 F1 SET (P)+1 S
110117 QMB SET (P)+1 S
110118 ATA1 SET (P)+1 S
110119 V SET (P)+1 S
110120 WA SET (P)+1 S
110121 FL SET (P)+1 S
110122 TT SET (P)+1 S
110123 X SET (P)+1 S
110124 Y SET (P)+1 S
110125 Z SET (P)+1 S
110126 A0 SET (P)+1 S
110127 Y0 SET (P)+1 S
110128 ZD SET (P)+1 S
110129 TT SET (P)+1 S
110130 S SET (P)+1 S
110131 A SET (P)+1 S
110132 E SET (P)+1 S
110133 SO SET (P)+1 S
110134 END TAC3
110135 L25A E = E$C1105
110136 A = A$c1105
110137 F1=C200B$FI-QMB=C200COHBS
110138 COSE = COS(E) - SIN(E)*SINA - SIN(A)*SINA S
110139 TANE = SINE / COSE
110140 FLOW = FLOW + DELPHIO * 0.729211584E-4 * (1-T0) S
110141 COS2 = COST(PI) - SIN2 * STAT(FLOW) S
110142 SLON = R*TAN* STN1 *COS2 1/S S
110143 SLAT = R*TAN* STN1 *COS2 1/S S
110144 SALT = R - X*COS1 *COS2 -Y* COS1 * SIN2
110145 SDION = -SLON* SD/S + R* COS1 *TDX* STN2 -YD S
110146 COS21 + FLOWD ( Y* SIN2 + X* COS2 ) 1/S S
110147 SDLAT = -SLAT* SD/S *R* STN1 *TDX* COS2 -YD S
110148 SIN2 * R* STN1 *X* COS2 -X* SIN2 ) 1 )
110149 -2D * COS1 1/S S
110150 SDALT = -SALT * SD/S -1 XD* COS2 #COS1 +YD * SIN2
110151 *COS1 *TDX* STN1 *TDX* COS2 + FLOWD *COS1

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110152      Y COS2 -X* SIN2 ) / S
110153      ELON = 1*COS1 - (YCOS2 -X* COS2 ) - SINE * SLOW 1/1 S* COSE1
110154      ELAT = 12*COS1 -(YCOS2 +YSIN2 ) -SINE * SLOW 1/1 S* COSE1
110155      ELALT ==-SALT*TANE/ S -1.0/(S*COSE) S
START TAC
110156      TMD TRL11*KCOM+2 S
110157      TOM DS
110158      TMD TRFL11*KCOM+3 S
110159      END TAC
110160      TOM FNS
110161      CL=1.0/1FN *#2 +D **2;
110162      ALON =CL*D*(1-*#COS2-Y* SIN2+FNP SINL*(YCOS2 -X* SIN2 ) S
110163      ALAT =CL*D*(1-COS1*X*COS2 +FNP SINL*(YCOS2 -X* SIN2 ) S
110164      AALT =CL*D*(1-COS1*X*COS2 +Y* SIN2 -W*SIN2 ) S
110165      AALT =0.0 S
110166      ALAT =0.0 S
110167      ALON =0.0 S
110168      P(1,1) = SLAT - P(2,1) *SDOLON- P(1,3,1) =ALAT- P(4,0,1) =ELAT S
110169      P(1,2) = SLON - P(2,2) *SDOLON- P(1,3,2) =ALON- P(4,0,2) =ELON S
110170      P(1,3) = SALT - P(2,3) *SDOLON- P(1,3,3) =AALT- P(4,0,3) =EALT S
110171      DO (L30) I=1.. NODIM S
110172      DO (L30) J=1.. NODIM S
110173      DO (L30) K=1.. S
110174      L30 COMATT(I,J)= COMATT(I,J)+ W(K)*#2*P(K,J)*P(K,J) S
110175      IF (I T2 .LT. L2 .LT. L21) L50 L50 L50 L50 L50
110176      L2 CONTINUE S
110177      L50 C5 = COMATT(I,I)*COMATT(Z,Z2) -COMATT(I,Z)*COMATT(Z,I) S
110178      C5 = 1.0/CS S
110179      C5 = COMATT(Z,Z2) - CM1(1,2) *C5 *COMATT(Z,1) S
110180      CM1(1,1)=C5 * COMATT(1,2,1) - CM1(2,2) = C5 *COMATT(1,1) S
110181      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6UT FORO20 S
110182      FORO20 FORMAT (2H20.55, 4SHC) VARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE AND LONGITU
110183      DE 1 S
110184      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6UT FORO22. CM(1,1,1) CM(1,2,2) +C51 *0.51 S
110185      FORO22 FORMAT (2H20.55, 6(E13.6, 57) ) S
110186      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6UT FORO23 S
110187      FORO23 FORMAT (2H20.55, 26HUNITS ARE DEGREES SQUARED ) S
110188      C51 = SORT((CM1,1,1)+CM(2,2))**2 -4.0*CS1 S
110189      EIGEN#
110190      SQRT((CM1,1,1)+CM(2,2))+C51 *0.51 S
110191      SORT((CM1,1,1)+CM(2,2)) -C51 *0.51 S
110192      DO (L31) I=1..2 S
110193      L31 DO (L31) J=1..2 S
110194      CM(1,1,J)= CTRCH(1,J) S
110195      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6UT FORO22. CM(1,1,1) CM(1,2,1) CM(2,1,1) CM(2,2,1)
110196      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6UT FORO24 S
110197      FORO24 FORMAT (2H20, 55, 3BHSQUARE ROOT OF EIGEN VALUES IN RADIAN TS

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407 LISTING (CONCL.)

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110198 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6UT *FOR022, EIGEN1,EIGEN2   S
110199 GO TO L100  S
110204 LS10 C20 * COMAT(1•1) *COMAT(2•2)*COMAT(3•3)*2•0*COMAT(1•2)•
110205 COMAT(2•3)* COMAT(3•1) -COMAT(1•3)*2• COMAT(2•2)
110206 -COMAT(2•3)*2• COMAT(1•1) -COMAT(1•2)*2• COMAT(1•3)•2•
110207 C21 • 1.0*C20  S
110208 CM(1•1) •C21*(COMAT(2•2)*COMAT(3•3)-COMAT(2•3)*2)
110209 CM(1•2) = -C21*(COMAT(2•1)*COMAT(3•3)-COMAT(2•3)*COMAT(1•3))•2
110210 CM(1•2) = CM(1•2)  S
110211 CM(1•3) = C21*(COMAT(2•1)*COMAT(3•2) -COMAT(3•1)*COMAT(2•2))•2
110212 CM(1•3) = CM(1•3)  S
110213 CM(2•2) = C21*(COMAT(1•1)*COMAT(3•3)-COMAT(1•3)*2)•2
110214 CM(1•3) = C21*(COMAT(1•1)*COMAT(2•2)-COMAT(2•2)*2)•2
110215 CM(2•3) = -C21*(COMAT(1•1)*COMAT(3•2)-COMAT(1•2)*COMAT(1•3))•2
110216 CM(3•2) = CM(2•3)  S
110217 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6UT *FOR025  S
110218 FOR025 FORMAT '(2H2•,SS•,54HCOVARIANCE MATRIX FOR LATITUDE LONGITUDE
110219 ALTITUDE )  S
110220 START TAC  S
1102205 IC2  S
110221 S WDFGJ LLL10-LLL11S
110222 JMP LLL12  S
110223 LLL10 C/HTL•3/C/HTL•CM  S
110224 LLL11 C/HTL,EVAL-C/HTL,EVEC  S

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